ENSTAR/CINGSA Supply Update

Presented to:

Commonwealth North Energy Action Coalition

November 2, 2012



Project Summary

Constructed to meet winter demand

CINGSA:

- A compression/gas conditioning facility
- Five injection/withdrawal storage wells
- A gas storage reservoir in Cannery Loop Sterling C Pool
- 16" / 1,392' pipeline to compression/gas conditioning facility
- 20" / 1,324' pipeline connection to KNPL

Benchmarks:

- Construction began November 2010
- Injections began in April 2012
- Withdrawals are anticipated in late 2012
- 340,000 man-hours with no recordable incidents



Project Impact

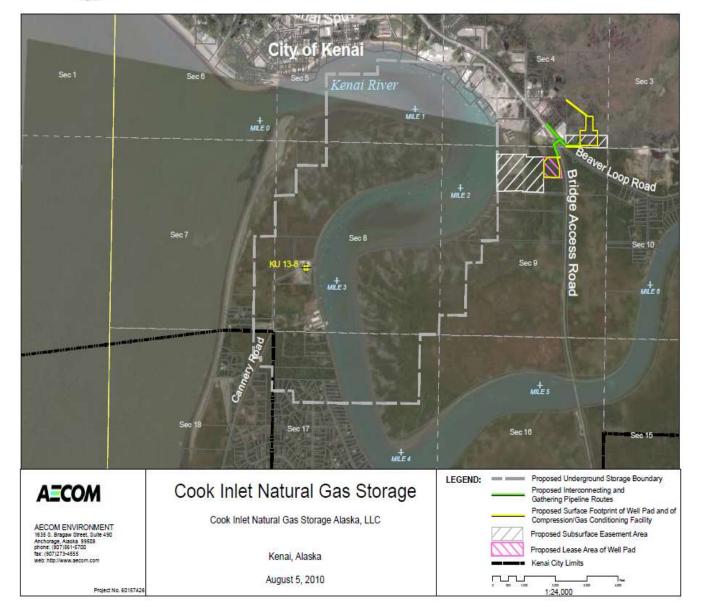
- Currently allows for storage of 11 BCF
- Will meet 45% of monthly average peak demand in the winter
- Allows for the purchase and storage of gas during summer for use during winter peak demands
- If needed, provides for storage of imported LNG or CNG



Photo by Robin Barry, ENSTAR



CINGSA: Aerial View





Compression/Processing Facility





Compression/Processing Facility





Nabors Drill Rig





Well Pad

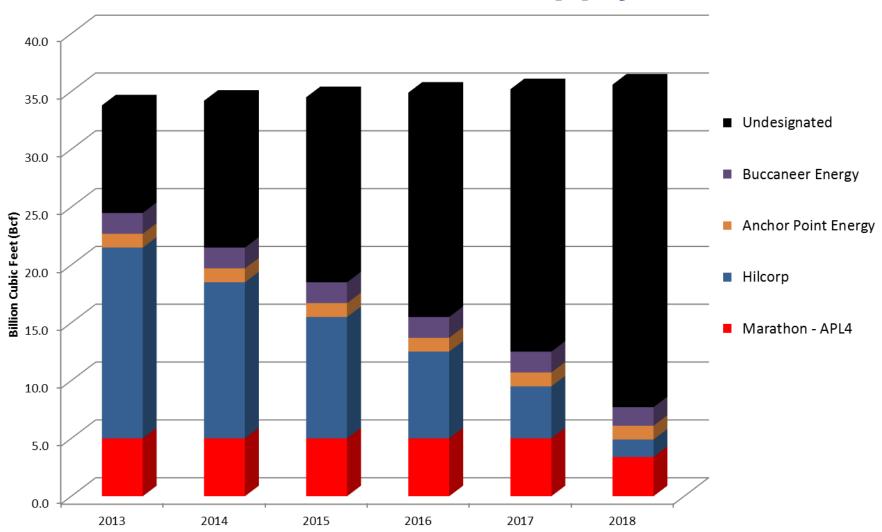




ENSTAR Gas Supply



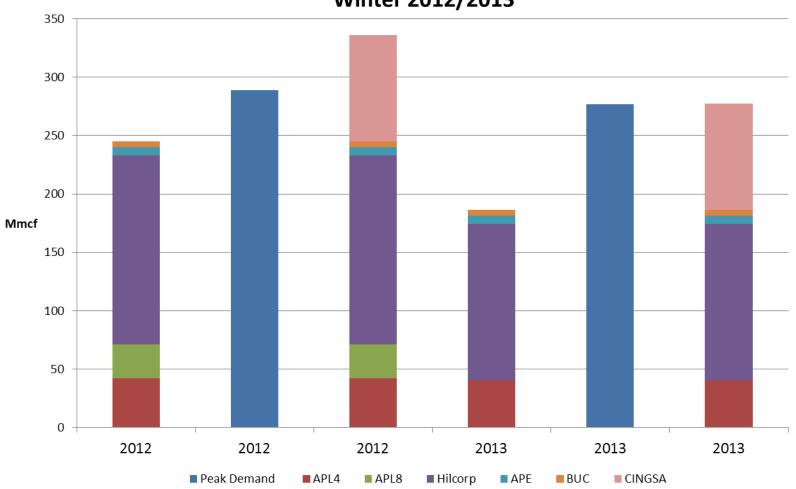
ENSTAR's Forecasted Annual Demand/Committed Supply 2013-2018





ENSTAR's Contracted Deliverability & Peak Day Demand

Winter 2012/2013



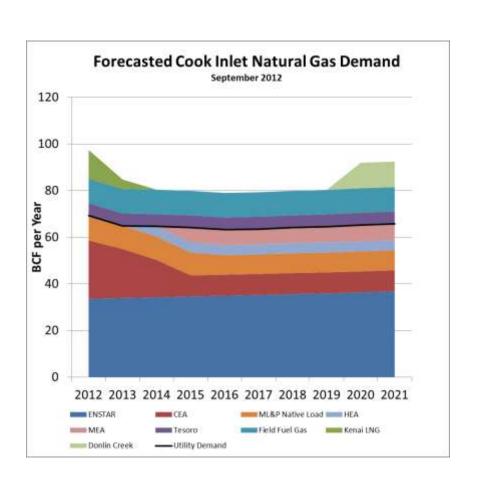




South Central Demand

Projected User 2014-19

W	ENSTAR	44%
W	Chugach Electric	13%
W	Field Fuel Gas	13%
W	HEA/MEA	12%
W	ML&P	11%
W	Tesoro	7%







Current Status Report "Three steps forward"

- Cook Inlet Recovery Act has resulted in increased activity – but does not match production decline
- CINGSA gas storage facility operational
- Utility activities to further reduce gas demand
 - Generation unit efficiency
 - Renewable energy
 - Conservation & efficiency
 - Expand hydro



Impacts of Incentives





Aurora





Anchor Point Energy

Furie Operating Alaska LLC







Cook Inlet Energy





"Two Steps Back?"

- Although Cook Inlet activity is up, results have been disappointing
 - New wells do not keep pace with production decline
- Gas price uncertainty
 - Henry Hub based prices drop
 - Japan LNG prices move to all-time high
- Ownership changes
 - Well re-work efforts stalled
 - New drilling stalled
 - Contract discussions stalled





Cook Inlet Drilling Results

Period	Gas Wells Completed	Average Wells per Year	Initial Production (MMCF/day)
2001-2009	105	12.3	3.6 per well
2007-2009	34	13.6	3.1 per well
Nov-09 to Oct-10	5	5	3.7 per well
Nov-10 to Oct-11	6	6	1.7 per well
Nov-11 to Jun-12	4	6	5.4 per well



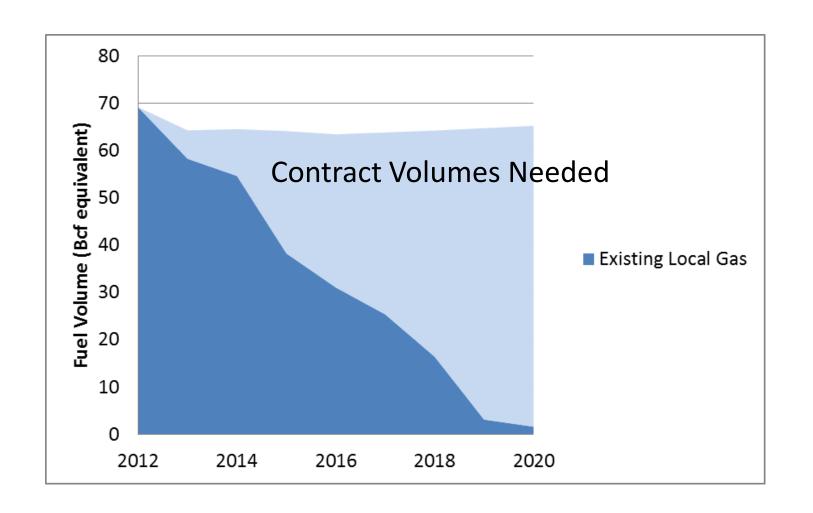


Moving Forward

- All stakeholders working towards adequate gas supply, however, utilities short contracted volumes
- PRA report still indicates Cook Inlet production shortfall by 2015
- Utilities can no longer wait for Cook Inlet market to respond



Need vs. Time







Imported Gas: LNG or CNG

- LNG is a commodity that can be contracted for import into Cook Inlet
 - Use of existing infrastructure or other for re-gas
 - Recent Spot Prices: \$12-\$15/MCF
- Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) tankers is another option for importing gas
 - Possible range: \$9 \$12/MCF

With timely engineering and permitting, LNG or CNG could be imported to fulfill short-term needs



Work Plan – Evaluation & Decision

- Northern Economics contracted to compare CNG with LNG
- Decision timeline first quarter 2013
- Contracts to be negotiated
 - Gas supply agreement
 - Gas transport tariff
 - Transport (shipping) agreement
 - Load and unload (dock) facilities/equipment
 - Various permits
- Timeline is critical





Summary: Possibilities to Meet Demand

- Infield drilling: Recent history of activity level does not predict this option will meet demand beyond 2015
- On-shore Exploration: If successful, will take time for development; could impact timing of shortfall
- Off-shore Exploration: Not proven; 3-5 years from discovery to production
- Instate Gas Line (ASAP): Will not be operational until 2020
- Imported LNG or CNG: May bridge demand shortfall until exploration and/or instate gas line provide sufficient supply



Conclusions

- Absent major, new discoveries that can be brought online in 1-2 years, the current pace of development could mean a shortfall in Cook Inlet supply to meet demand in 2014 or 2015.
- LNG or CNG import is the only "certain" method to ensure no shortfall.
- CINGSA storage is capable of storing Cook Inlet produced gas or imported gas for winter demand.



Questions?